

Leaders play a critical role in shaping the well-being, resilience, and psychological safety of their teams. Evidence indicates that levels of work engagement, as an indicator of well-being, have performance implications that are linked to individual and team performance (Bakker & Bal, 2010; Halbesleben & Wheeler, 2008), client satisfaction(Salanova, Agut, & Peiro, 2005), financial returns (Xanthopoulou, Bakker, Demerouti, & Schaufeli, 2009), and proactive work behaviors (Bakker & Xanthopoulou, 2009; Miner & Glomb, 2010).

Here's a checklist of activities that promote well-being, resilience and psychological safety development for yourself and your team:

# **Training For Leaders and Team Members:**

## 1. Resilience Training:

 Provide workshops or training sessions on building personal and professional resilience for team members.

### 2. Conflict Resolution Training:

 Provide training in conflict resolution and effective communication to improve team dynamics.

# 3. Psychological Safety Training:

 Offer training to team members on the concept of psychological safety and its importance in team dynamics.

#### For Leaders Themselves:

#### 1. Self-Care Practices:

- Prioritize your own well-being by adopting self-care routines, setting boundaries, and taking time for relaxation and rejuvenation.
- Establish clear boundaries between work and personal life to avoid burnout and maintain well-being.

### 2. Model Vulnerability:

Demonstrate vulnerability by openly sharing your challenges and how you navigate them.
 This sets a precedent for open communication within your team.

#### 3. Manage Stress:

 Develop and demonstrate effective in-the-moment stress management techniques to inspire your team to do the same.





### 4. Regular Reflection:

- Reflect on your own resilience and well-being.
- Identify areas of strength and opportunities for personal growth and development.

## 5. Continuous Learning:

 Invest in your personal and professional development, including leadership and emotional intelligence training.

### 6. Mentorship:

 Seek mentorship or coaching opportunities to support your own growth, development, and well-being as a leader.

# For Leaders to Support Their Team Members:

#### 1. Effective Communication:

 Develop strong communication skills to ensure that your team understands your expectations and feels heard.

### 2. Set Clear Expectations:

 Clearly define roles, responsibilities, and performance expectations to reduce ambiguity and stress among team members.

#### 3. Regular Check-Ins:

 Conduct regular one-on-one or team check-ins to assess well-being, share concerns, and discuss progress.

### 4. Empathy and Active Listening:

 Practice active listening and empathy to understand the concerns and emotions of team members.

#### 5. Seek Feedback:

Encourage feedback from your team members and peers regarding your leadership style
and its impact on their well-being and psychological safety.

### 6. Provide Feedback and Recognition:

 Provide regular feedback to your team members and recognize their contributions, thereby reinforcing positive behavior.





#### 7. Conflict Resolution Skills:

 Hone your conflict resolution skills to address disputes within your team promptly and constructively.

#### 8. Resilience Plans:

 Encourage team members to create personal resilience plans tailored to their unique needs and objectives

## **Department Level Supports for Team Members:**

#### 1. Work-Life Balance:

 Promote a healthy work-life balance and respect for personal boundaries amongst team members.

### 2. Learning from Setbacks:

 Foster a culture where setbacks and failures are viewed as opportunities for learning and growth.

### 3. Team Building Activities:

 Organize team-building exercises and activities to improve team dynamics, enhance communication, foster trust, and promote collaboration within your team.

### 4. Peer Recognition:

 Encourage team members to recognize and celebrate each other's contributions and achievements.

#### 5. Peer Mentorship:

 Facilitate peer mentorship relationships within the team to support individual development and growth.

### 6. Peer Support Networks:

 Encourage the formation of peer support networks within the team to share concerns and offer mutual assistance.

### 7. Crisis Preparedness:

 Develop and practice crisis response plans as a team to enhance readiness for unexpected challenges.





# **Organization Level Supports for Team Members:**

#### 1. Mental Health Resources:

 Offer access to mental health resources and tools, such as counseling services or stress management resources.

### 2. Stress Management Programs:

 Implement stress management programs or initiatives to help team members cope with stress effectively.

## 3. Diversity and Inclusion:

 Promote diversity and inclusivity within the team, creating an environment where all members feel valued and safe.

### 4. Psychological Safety Champions:

 Identify and empower individuals within the team to champion psychological safety and well-being initiatives.

#### 5. Feedback Channels:

 Establish clear channels for team members to provide feedback, voice concerns, and suggest improvements.

### 6. Positive Leadership Feedback:

 Encourage team members to provide feedback on leadership practices that enhance well-being and psychological safety.

